

IN THE CLAIMS:

Please AMEND claim 1, and ADD new claim 17, as follows. Note that all the claims currently pending in this application, including those not currently being amended, have been reproduced below for the Examiner's convenience.

1. (Currently Amended) An exposure apparatus for sequentially performing projection exposure via a projection optical unit of device patterns provided in a pattern effective area of a photo-mask onto shot areas of a wafer, said apparatus comprising:

an illumination unit for collectively illuminating the entire pattern effective area of the photo-mask contained within an illumination range with exposure light;

a mask stage that moves the photo-mask ~~for the illumination range~~ in the mask scanning direction within the illumination range;

a wafer stage that moves the wafer in accordance with a projection range in which the pattern effective area of the photo-mask is projected in one of the wafer mask scanning direction and a direction opposite to the mask scanning direction; and

~~control means for, after containing at least one shot area of the wafer within the projection range to get device patterns provided in the pattern effective area of the photo-mask onto the one shot area of the wafer, synchronizing and controlling the relative movements of said mask stage and said wafer stage while keeping the entire pattern effective area of the photo-mask an entire shot area of the wafer contained within the illumination range projection range, in which device patterns illuminated collectively are projected via the projection optical unit.~~

2. (Previously Amended) The exposure apparatus according to claim 1, wherein said wafer stage moves at a constant velocity or at a substantially constant velocity thereby keeping a plurality of shot areas of the wafer contained sequentially within the projection range.

3. (Previously Amended) The exposure apparatus according to claim 2, wherein said illumination unit comprises a laser light source that emits pulse light, and

 said laser light source emits pulse exposure light at least once to perform exposure of device patterns provided in the pattern effective area of the photo-mask onto one of the shot areas of the wafer.

4. (Previously Amended) The exposure apparatus according to claim 3, further comprising:

 a projection lens for projecting the pattern effective area of the photo-mask onto the projection range,

 wherein said control means keeps the entire pattern effective area of the photo-mask contained within the field of view range of said projection lens while synchronizing and controlling the movements of said mask stage and said wafer stage.

5. (Previously Amended) The exposure apparatus according to claim 4,

wherein the exposure apparatus satisfies the relationship:

$$D \geq ((Ma + Mb)^2 + Md^2)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

where,

Ma: Length of the pattern effective area of the photo-mask pattern in the mask scanning direction

Mb: Amount of movement of the photo-mask in the mask scanning direction when exposure is performed onto one of the shot areas of the wafer

Md: Width of the photo-mask

D: Diameter of the field of view range.

6. (Previously Amended) The exposure apparatus according to claim 4,

wherein the exposure apparatus satisfies the relationship:

$$Ta \leq (Wa - Wb)/V$$

where,

Ta: Time after exposure of one shot area of the wafer is completed, then the mask stage is returned to the initial position in the mask scanning direction until synchronization is established with the wafer stage that has moved in the wafer scanning direction for an exposure onto the next shot area of the wafer

V: Moving velocity of said wafer stage

Wa: Length of one shot area of the wafer in the wafer scanning direction

Wb: Amount of movement of the wafer in the wafer scanning direction when exposure is performed onto one shot area of the wafer.

7. (Previously Amended) The exposure apparatus according to claim 4, wherein said mask stage is returned to an initial position for every one row or one column of consecutive shot areas of the wafer, and

the time for returning to the initial position is shorter than the time for movement for changing the row or column of said wafer stage in order to move to the next shot area.

8. (Original) The exposure apparatus according to claim 4, wherein said illumination unit comprises an illumination sensor to determine whether a predetermined amount of exposure has been reached or not, and terminates pulse emission of said laser light source when the total amount of exposure of said illumination sensor has reached the predetermined amount of exposure.

9. (Previously Amended) The exposure apparatus according to claim 4, further comprising:

voltage measuring means for measuring an applied voltage of said laser light source;

gas concentration measuring means for measuring gas concentration in a chamber of said laser light source; and

storing means for storing a light emission history of said laser light source as data,

wherein said laser light source calculates total exposure energy based on information of any one of or a combination of measurement results of said voltage measuring means and gas concentration measuring means or the light emission history data and controls based on said calculation result so that the next pulse emission reaches predetermined exposure energy.

10. (Previously Amended) The exposure apparatus according to claim 4,

wherein said illumination unit comprises a micro mirror array for adjusting exposure energy in the light path, and

said micro mirror array is controlled based on information of any one or a combination of said illumination sensor, said voltage control means, said gas concentration measuring means and the light emission history data so that pulse light emission reaches predetermined exposure energy.

11. (Previously Amended) The exposure apparatus according to claim 4, wherein one or a plurality of device patterns is provided in the pattern effective area of the photo-mask.

12. (Previously Amended) The exposure apparatus according to claim 4,

wherein the pulse light emission count for one shot area of the wafer is controlled under the relationship $I \cdot S / (J \cdot P)$

where,

I: Amount of required exposure per unit area

S: Area of one shot area of the wafer

J: One-time pulse light emission energy from said laser light source

P: Transmittance for light of exposure wavelength from said laser light source

to the wafer.

13. (Withdrawn From Consideration) A semiconductor device manufacturing method, comprising the steps of:

installing a plurality of semiconductor manufacturing apparatus includes an exposure apparatus in a factory; and

manufacturing semiconductor devices using said plurality of semiconductor manufacturing apparatuses,

wherein said exposure apparatus for sequentially performing exposure of device patterns of provided in a pattern effective area of a photo-mask on to shot areas of a wafer comprises:

an illumination unit for collectively illuminating the entire pattern effective area of said photo-mask contained within the illumination range with exposure light;

a mask stage that moves said photo-mask for said illumination range in the mask scanning direction;

a wafer stage that moves said wafer for the projection range in which the pattern effective area of said photo-mask is projected in the wafer scanning direction; and

control means for, after containing at least one shot area of said wafer within said projection range to perform exposure of device patterns provided in the pattern effective area of said photo-mask on to said one shot area of said wafer, synchronizing and controlling the movements of said mask stage and said wafer stage while keeping the entire pattern effective area of said photo-mask contained within said illumination range.

14. (Withdrawn From Consideration) The semiconductor device manufacturing method according to claim 13, further comprising the steps of:

connecting said plurality of semiconductor manufacturing apparatuses via a local area network;

connecting said local area network and an external network outside said factory;

acquiring information on said exposure apparatus from a database on said external network using said local area network and said external network; and

controlling said exposure apparatus based on the acquired information.

15. (Withdrawn From Consideration) A manufacturing factory, comprising:

a plurality of semiconductor manufacturing apparatuses including an exposure apparatus;

a local area network that connects said plurality of semiconductor manufacturing apparatuses; and

a gateway that connects said local area network and an external network outside said semiconductor manufacturing factory,

wherein the exposure apparatus for sequentially performing exposure of device patterns provided in a pattern effective area of a photo-mask on to shot areas of a wafer comprises:

an illumination unit for collectively illuminating the entire pattern effective area of said photo-mask contained within the illumination range with exposure light;

a mask stage that moves said photo-mask for said illumination range in the mask scanning direction;

a wafer stage that moves said wafer for the projection range in which the pattern effective area of said photo-mask is projected in the wafer scanning direction; and

control means for, after containing at least one shot area of said wafer within said projection range to perform exposure of device patterns provided in the pattern effective area of said photo-mask on to said one shot area of said wafer, synchronizing and controlling the movements of said mask stage and said wafer stage while keeping the entire pattern effective area of said photo-mask contained within said illumination range.

16. (Withdrawn From Consideration) A maintenance method for an exposure apparatus, comprising the steps of:

preparing a database for storing information on the maintenance of said exposure apparatus on an external network outside the factory in which said exposure apparatus is installed;

connecting said exposure apparatus to a local area network in said factory; and performing maintenance of said exposure apparatus based on information stored in said database using said external network and said local area network, wherein said exposure apparatus for sequentially performing exposure of device patterns provided in a pattern effective area of a photo-mask on to shot areas of a wafer comprises:

an illumination unit for collectively illuminating the entire pattern effective area of said photo-mask contained within the illumination range with exposure light; a mask stage that moves said photo-mask for said illumination range in the mask scanning direction; a wafer stage that moves said wafer for the projection range in which the pattern effective area of said photo-mask is projected in the wafer scanning direction; and control means for, after containing at least one shot area of said wafer within said projection range to perform exposure of device patterns provided in the pattern effective area of said photo-mask on to said one shot area of said wafer, synchronizing and controlling the movements of said mask stage and said wafer stage while keeping the entire pattern effective area of said photo-mask contained within said illumination range.

17. (New) An exposure method for sequentially performing projection exposure of device patterns provided in a pattern effective area of a photo-mask onto shot areas of a wafer, said method comprising:

a step of collectively illuminating device patterns provided in a pattern effective area of a photo-mask; and

a step of synchronizing and controlling the relative movements of a mask stage and a wafer stage while keeping an entire one shot area of the wafer contained within the projection range in which device patterns illuminated collectively are projected via the projection optical unit.